Course Title: Communications (2)  
Course code: (610432)

Course Level: 4th year  
Course prerequisite(s) and/or corequisite(s): Analog Communications - (650431)

Lecture Time:  
Credit hours: 3  
Tutorial: 1 hour/Week

Academic Staff Specifics

<table>
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<tr>
<th>Name</th>
<th>Rank</th>
<th>Office Number and Location</th>
<th>Office Hours</th>
<th>E-mail Address</th>
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Course module description:

Course module objectives:
At completing this module the student should be able to:
- Compare between continuous modulations systems according to noise immunity.
- Describe the implications of practical sampling versus ideal sampling.
- Explain the relation between pulse modulation systems.
- Diagram a digital multiplexing system that accommodates both analog and digital signals.
- Find the optimum filter for pulse detection in white noise.
- Analyze the performance of a pulse transmission system with noise.

Course/module components:
- Books (title, author(s), publisher, year of publication)
- Support material(s) (vcs,acs,etc).
- Study guide(s) (if applicable)
- Homework and laboratory guide(s) if (applicable).
Teaching methods:
Duration: 16 weeks, 48 hours in total
Lectures: 43 hours, 3 per week + two exams (two hours)
Seminar: 3 hours, (last week)
Discussion groups, Problem solving, Simulation programs, Class work, Demonstration.

Learning Outcomes:

A) Knowledge and understanding Skills:
Students will obtain knowledge and understanding of:
1) Mathematical tools relevant to communications and electronics systems.
2) Fundamental technological concepts, principles, and techniques associated with
   electronics and communications systems.
3) The structure of different communication systems.

B) Intellectual Skills:
The students will acquire and develop the thinking skills that should enable them to:
1) Develop a strong grounding in the fundamentals and how to apply them.
2) Develop an ability to analyze communication and electronic engineering problems
   and synthesize solutions.
3) Understanding, designing and developing different communication and electronic
   systems for processing signals and data.

C) Practical Skills:
Students will acquire and develop the practical skills that should allow them to:
1) Use appropriate numerical and mathematical skills to describe, analyze and solve a
   problem in electronics or/and communication system.
2) Analyze, design, evaluate, system behavior and test electronic or/and communication
   system using simulation or computer-based tool (engineering software tool).
3) Undertake ongoing learning in order to keep up to date in the field on electronics and
   communication technologies.

D) Practical and subject specific skills (Transferable Skills):
Students will acquire and develop the key transferable skills that will enable them to:
1) Manage tasks, and solve problems.
2) Think logically and critically.

Assessment instruments:
• Short reports and/or presentations, and/or Short research projects
• Quizzes.
• Home works
• Final examination: 50 marks

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<th>Allocation of Marks</th>
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<tr>
<td>Assessment Instruments</td>
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<tr>
<td>First examination</td>
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<td>Second examination</td>
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<td>Final examination: 50 marks</td>
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<tr>
<td>Reports, research projects, Quizzes, Home</td>
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</tbody>
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Documentation and Academic Honesty

Submit your homework covered with a sheet containing your name, number, course title and number, and type and number of the homework (e.g., tutorial, assignment, and project).

Any completed homework must be handed in to classroom. After the deadline “zero” will be awarded. You must keep a duplicate copy of your work because it may be needed while the original is being marked.

You should hand in with your assignments:
1- A printed listing of your test programs (if any).
2- A brief report to explain your findings.
3- Your solution of questions.

For the research report, you are required to write a report similar to a research paper. It should include:
- **Abstract**: It describes the main synopsis of your paper.
- **Introduction**: It provides background information necessary to understand the research and getting readers interested in your subject. The introduction is where you put your problem in context and is likely where the bulk of your sources will appear.
- **Methods (Algorithms and Implementation)**: Describe your methods here. Summarize the algorithms generally, highlight features relevant to your project, and refer readers to your references for further details.
- **Results and Discussion (Benchmarking and Analysis)**: This section is the most important part of your paper. It is here that you demonstrate the work you have accomplished on this project and explain its significance. The quality of your analysis will impact your final grade more than any other component on the paper. You should therefore plan to spend the bulk of your project time not just gathering data, but determining what it ultimately means and deciding how best to showcase these findings.
- **Conclusion**: The conclusion should give your reader the points to “take home” from your paper. It should state clearly what your results demonstrate about the problem you were tackling in the paper. It should also generalize your findings, putting them into a useful context that can be built upon. All generalizations should be supported by your data, however; the discussion should prove these points, so that when the reader gets to the conclusion, the statements are logical and seem self-evident.
- **Bibliography**: Refer to any reference that you used in your assignment. Citations in the body of the paper should refer to a bibliography at the end of the paper.

- **Protection by Copyright**
  1. Coursework, laboratory exercises, reports, and essays submitted for assessment must be your own work, unless in the case of group projects a joint effort is expected and is indicated as such.
  2. Use of quotations or data from the work of others is entirely acceptable, and is often very valuable provided that the source of the quotation or data is given. Failure to provide a source or put quotation marks around material that is taken from elsewhere gives the appearance that the comments are ostensibly your own. When quoting word-for-word from the work of another person quotation marks or indenting (setting the quotation in from the margin) must be used and the source of the quoted material must be acknowledged.
3. Sources of quotations used should be listed in full in a bibliography at the end of your piece of work.

- **Avoiding Plagiarism.**
  Unacknowledged direct copying from the work of another person, or the close paraphrasing of somebody else's work, is called plagiarism and is

1. a serious offence, equated with cheating in examinations. This applies to copying both from other students' work and from published sources such as books, reports or journal articles.

2. Paraphrasing, when the original statement is still identifiable and has no acknowledgement, is plagiarism. A close paraphrase of another person's work must have an acknowledgement to the source. It is not acceptable for you to put together unacknowledged passages from the same or from different sources linking these together with a few words or sentences of your own and changing a few words from the original text: this is regarded as over-dependence on other sources, which is a form of plagiarism.

3. Direct quotations from an earlier piece of your own work, if not attributed, suggest that your work is original, when in fact it is not. The direct copying of one's own writings qualifies as plagiarism if the fact that the work has been or is to be presented elsewhere is not acknowledged.

4. Plagiarism is a serious offence and will always result in imposition of a penalty. In deciding upon the penalty the Department will take into account factors such as the year of study, the extent and proportion of the work that has been plagiarized, and the apparent intent of the student. The penalties that can be imposed range from a minimum of a zero mark for the work (without allowing resubmission) through caution to disciplinary measures (such as suspension or expulsion).

**Course/module academic calendar**

<table>
<thead>
<tr>
<th>week</th>
<th>Basic and support material to be covered</th>
<th>Homework/reports and their due dates</th>
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<tbody>
<tr>
<td>(1)</td>
<td>Syllabus and Noise Review</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>(2)</td>
<td>Noise in DSB-SC, SSB</td>
<td></td>
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<td>(3)</td>
<td>Noise in AM</td>
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<tr>
<td>(4)</td>
<td>Noise in FM</td>
<td>HW1(due date will assigned in the class)</td>
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<td>(5)</td>
<td>Sampling Process</td>
<td>Quiz</td>
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<td>(6)</td>
<td>First examination</td>
<td>PAM,PPM</td>
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<td>(7)</td>
<td>TDM, quantization</td>
<td>Quiz</td>
</tr>
<tr>
<td>(8)</td>
<td>Quantization noise, encoding</td>
<td></td>
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<tr>
<td>(9)</td>
<td>PCM, noise in PCM</td>
<td>HW3(due date will assigned in the class)</td>
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<tr>
<td>(10)</td>
<td>DPCM, delta mod.</td>
<td>Quiz</td>
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<tr>
<td>(11)</td>
<td>Second examination</td>
<td>error rate due to noise</td>
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<td>HW4(due date will assigned in the class)</td>
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### Expected workload:

On average students need to spend 2 hours of study and preparation for each 50-minute lecture/tutorial.

### Attendance policy:

Absence from lectures and/or tutorials shall not exceed 15%. Students who exceed the 15% limit without a medical or emergency excuse acceptable to and approved by the Dean of the relevant college/faculty shall not be allowed to take the final examination and shall receive a mark of zero for the course. If the excuse is approved by the Dean, the student shall be considered to have withdrawn from the course.

### Course references

#### Books:


#### Journals:

1- IEEE Transactions on Communications.
2- IEEE Transactions on Signal Processing.
3- IEEE Journal on Selected Areas in Communication: a Publication of the IEEE Communication Society
4- European Journal of Communication

#### Websites:

1- Old exams
   
   (http://www.philadelphia.edu.jo)
2- International Engineering Consortium (Dozens of Communication Tutorials)
   
   http://www.iec.org/online/tutorials/
3- MATLAB Tutorials
   (http://www.mathworks.com/)

4- Explanations on topics related to communication
   (http://communication.howstuffworks.com/)

5- Explanations on topics related to communication
   (http://www.dmoz.org/Science/Technology/Electronics/Tutorials/)

6- MATLAB Tutorial will help you to start using MATLAB for your MATLAB project
   (http://www.duke.edu/~hpgavin/matlab.html)